

SaniForce[®] High Sanitation Diaphragm Pumps

Models 1590 HS, 1590 3A, 3150 HS, 3150 3A

310622ZAR

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For use in sanitary applications. For professional use only.

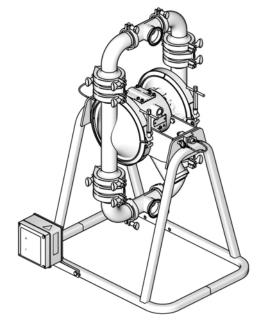
See Models on page 3 for model numbers, descriptions, and compliance approvals.

120 psi (0.8 MPa, 8 bar) Maximum Fluid Working Pressure 120 psi (0.8 MPa, 8 bar) Maximum Air Input Pressure



Important Safety Instructions. Read all warnings and instructions in this manual. Save these instructions.

See page 2 for Table of Contents.



Model SA3AAA Shown

TI8760b

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Models

Model	Connection	Description	Compliance Approvals
1590 SABAAA	Flange		<i>⊼</i> *
3150 SA5AAA	Flange	Sanitary Diaphragm Pump	3 44-03
3150 SA1AAA	Flange		
3150 SA2AAA	Flange		
3150 SA3AAA	Flange		
3150 SA4AAA	Flange	Sanitary Diaphragm Pump	527 3
3150 SA6AAA	DIN		
3150 SA7AAA	DIN		
1590 SADAAA	DIN		
3150 SA_3_1	Flange	Heavy Duty Sanitary Ball Check Pump	
3150 SA73A1	DIN	Treavy Buty Caritary Ball Check Fump	
1590 SB	Flange		*
3150 SB1	Flange		⟨ ξ χ⟩ _{II 2 G}
3150 SB6881	DIN	Sanitary Ball Check Pump	Ex h 66°C135°C Gb
3150 SB7771	DIN		
3150 SB3	Flange		
3150 SF F1	Flange		€ .\
3150 SFF3	Flange	Sanitary Flapper Check Pump	Œx∕II 2 G
3150 SF76F1	DIN		Ex h 66°C135°C Gb
1590 SBBA11	Flange		
1590 SBDAAA	DIN		
1590 SBBAAA	Flange		
1590 SABA13	Flange		
1590 SBBA13	Flange		527
1590 SBDA13	DIN	Sanitary Ball Check Pump	*
3150 SA33A1	Flange		(£x)11.2 C
3150 SA43A1	Flange		Ex h 66°C135°C Gb
3150 SA73A1	DIN		EX 11 66 C 135 C GD
3150 SB2AA1	Flange		
3150 SB3AA1	Flange		
3150 SF3AF1	Flange		
3150 SF4AF1	Flange	Sanitary Flapper Check Pump	
3150 SFPAF1	Flange		
3150 SF7AF1	DIN		

NOTE: See Pump Matrix, page 30, to determine the part number of configured pumps.

Continued on next page.

Models for Ram or BES Mounting

24C124 (for ram and BES mounting)	3150 Sanitary Ball Check Pump for Ram systems, with EPDM overmolded diaphragms and PTFE check balls. 24C124 is the same as SA3AAA except it does not include a fluid inlet tee, elbows, and related parts.	
24J388 (for ram mounting)	3150 Sanitary Ball Check Pump for Ram systems, with santo- prene diaphragms and santoprene check balls. 24J388 is the same as SA3663, except it does not include a fluid inlet tee, elbows, and related parts.	
248273 (for BES mounting)	3150 Sanitary Ball Check Pump for Bin Evacuation Systems, with santoprene diaphragms and santoprene check balls. 248273 is the same as SB3663 except it does not include a fluid inlet tee, elbows, and related parts.	*Ex li 2 G Ex h 66°C135°C Gb
24E440 (for BES mounting)	3150 Sanitary Ball Check Pump for Bin Evacuation Systems, with EPDM overmolded diaphragms and PTFE check balls. 24E440 is the same as SA3AA3 except it does not include a fluid inlet tee, elbows, and related parts. The clamp handles are positioned for use with BES3F3.	
24J389 (for ram mounting)	3150 Sanitary Ball Check Pump for Ram Systems, with PTFE/EPDM overmolded diaphragms and PTFE check balls. 24J389 is the same as SA33A3 except it does not include a fluid inlet tee, elbows, and related parts.	
24E667 (for BES mounting)	3150 Sanitary Ball Check Pump for Bin Evacuation Systems, with PTFE/EPDM overmolded diaphragms and santoprene check balls. 24E667 is the same as SB3363 except it does not include a fluid inlet tee, elbows, and related parts.	*EX 2 G Ex h 66°C135°C Gb
248274 (for BES mounting)	3150 Sanitary Flapper Check Pump for Bin Evacuation Systems, with santoprene diaphragms. 248274 is the same as SF36F3 except it does not include a fluid inlet tee, elbows, and related parts.	*Ex ll 2 G Ex h 66°C135°C Gb

^{*} ATEX T-code rating is dependent on the temperature of the fluid being pumped. Fluid temperature is limited by the materials of the pump interior wetted parts. See **Model 1590 Technical Data**, page 45, and **Model 3150 Technical Data**, page 48, for the maximum fluid operating temperature for your specific pump model.

NOTE: See pages 41-42 for parts.

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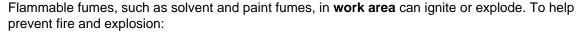
Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbol refers to procedure-specific risk. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual, refer back to these warnings. Additional, product-specific warnings may be found throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

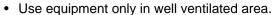
WARNING



FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

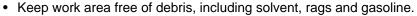








• Eliminate all ignition sources; such as pilot lights, cigarettes, portable electric lamps, and plastic drop cloths (potential static arc).



- Do not plug or unplug power cords, or turn power or light switches on or off when flammable fumes are present.
- Ground all equipment in the work area. See **Grounding** instructions.
- Use only grounded hoses.
- Hold gun firmly to side of grounded pail when triggering into pail.
- If there is static sparking or you feel a shock, **stop operation immediately.** Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.



PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT HAZARD

Fluid from the gun/dispense valve, leaks, or ruptured components can splash in the eyes or on skin and cause serious injury.

- Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Check hoses, tubes, and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.

WARNING



EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

Misuse can cause death or serious injury.



- Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.
- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS from distributor or retailer.
- Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure. Turn off all equipment and follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** when equipment is not in use.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment.
- Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- · Keep children and animals away from work area.
- · Comply with all applicable safety regulations.



TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD

Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.



- Read MSDSs to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using.
- Route exhaust away from work area. If diaphragm ruptures, fluid may be exhausted into the air.
- Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.



BURN HAZARD

Equipment surfaces and fluid that's heated can become very hot during operation. To avoid severe burns:

Do not touch hot fluid or equipment.



PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

You must wear appropriate protective equipment when operating, servicing, or when in the operating area of the equipment to help protect you from serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. This equipment includes but is not limited to:

- Protective eyewear, and hearing protection.
- Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.

Installation

General Information

- The typical installation shown in Fig. 3 is only a guide for selecting and installing system components. Contact your Graco distributor for assistance in planning a system to suit your needs.
- Always use genuine Graco parts and accessories.
- Reference numbers and letters in parentheses refer to the callouts in the figures and the parts lists on pages 32 - 42.



The pump is very heavy (see **Technical Data** on pages 45 and 48 for specific weights). If the pump must be moved, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 13 and have two people lift the pump by grasping the outlet manifold securely, or use appropriate lifting equipment. Never have one person move or lift the pump.

Leak Detection System

NOTE: A leak detection system is included with all approved pumps. See manual 311200 included with leak detector for leak detector installation instructions.

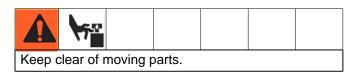
Tighten Clamps Before First Use

After you unpack the pump, and before you use it for the first time, check all clamps, and tighten as necessary.

Stand

NOTE: See pages 38 and 39 for parts.

- Place the stand assembly on a level surface.
- 2. Mount the pump securely to the brackets using bolts provided.



NOTE: To drain or service the pump, pull on the quick-release pins (638e, one on each side) to allow the pump to rotate while still securely mounted to the bracket.

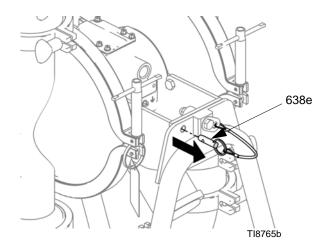


Fig. 1: Quick-release pins for pump rotation

Grounding







Ground the pump and all other equipment used or located in the pumping area. Grounding reduces the risk of static and electric shock by providing an escape wire for the electrical current due to static build up or in the event of a short circuit. Check your local electrical code for detailed grounding instructions for your area and type of equipment.

Pump: Connect a ground wire and clamp as shown in Fig. 2. Loosen the grounding screw (W). Insert one end of a 12 ga (1.5 mm²) minimum ground wire (X) behind the grounding screw and tighten the screw securely. Connect the clamp end of the ground wire to a true earth ground. To order a ground wire and clamp, order part number 222011.

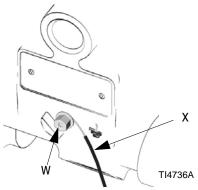


Fig. 2: Ground Wire Connection

- Air and fluid hoses: Use only grounded hoses with a maximum of 500 ft (150 m) combined hose length to ensure grounding continuity.
- Air compressor. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations.
- Fluid supply container: Follow the local code.

Mountings

NOTE: The pump exhaust air may contain contaminants. Ventilate to a remote area if the contaminants could affect your fluid supply. See **Air Exhaust Ventilation** on page 12.

- Be sure the mounting surface can support the weight of the pump, hoses, and accessories, as well as the stress caused during operation.
- For ease of operation and service, mount the pump so the air valve cover, air inlet, and fluid inlet and outlet ports are easily accessible.

Air Line









A bleed-type master air valve (B) is required in the system to relieve air trapped between this valve and the pump. Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury including splashing in the eyes or on the skin, injury from moving parts, or contamination from hazardous fluids. See Fig. 3.

- Install the air line accessories as shown in Fig. 3.
 Mount these accessories on the wall or on a bracket. Be sure the air line supplying the accessories is grounded.
 - a. Install an air regulator (C) and gauge to control the fluid pressure. The fluid outlet pressure will be the same as the setting of the air regulator.

- b. Locate one bleed-type master air valve (B)
 close to the pump and use it to relieve trapped
 air. Locate the other master air valve (E)
 upstream from all air line accessories and use it
 to isolate them during cleaning and repair.
- c. The air line filter (F) removes harmful dirt and moisture from the compressed air supply.
- Install a grounded, flexible air hose (A) between the accessories and the 1/2 npt(f) pump air inlet (M).
 Use a minimum 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) ID air hose. Screw an air line quick disconnect coupler (D) onto the end of the air hose (A), and screw the mating fitting into the pump air inlet snugly.









Do not connect the coupler (D) to the fitting until you are ready to operate the pump. Connecting the coupler too early can result in unintentional operation of the pump, leading to serious injury from moving parts, splashing fluid in the eyes or on the skin, and contact with hazardous fluids.

Fluid Suction Line

- Use flexible, grounded fluid hoses (G) where possible.
- For best sealing results, use a standard tri-clamp or DIN style sanitary gasket of a flexible material such as EPDM, Buna-N, fluoroelastomer, or silicon.

NOTE: Compliance with 3A sanitary standards requires DIN connections to use certain gaskets. See CCE Coordination Bulletin Number 2011-3. Two such gaskets are the Siersema Komponent System (S.K.S.), the Netherlands, and the ASEPTO-STAR k-flex gasket from Kieselmann GmbH, Germany.

- 3. If the fluid inlet pressure to the pump is more than 25% of the outlet working pressure, the ball check valves will not close fast enough, resulting in inefficient pump operation. Excessive inlet fluid pressure also will shorten diaphragm life. Approximately 3-5 psi (0.02-0.03 MPA, 0.21-0.34 bar) should be adequate for most materials.
- 4. See the **Technical Data** on pages 45 and 48 for maximum suction lift (wet and dry). For best results, always install the pump as close as possible to the material source.

Fluid Outlet Line









A fluid drain valve (J) is required to relieve pressure in the hose if it is plugged. The drain valve reduces the risk of serious injury, including splashing in the eyes or on the skin, or contamination from hazardous fluids when relieving pressure. Install the valve close to the pump fluid outlet. See Fig. 3.

- 1. Use flexible, grounded fluid hoses (L) where possible.
- 2. For best sealing results, use a standard tri-clamp or DIN style sanitary gasket of a flexible material such as EPDM, Buna-N, fluoroelastomer, or silicon
- 3. Install a fluid drain valve (J) near the fluid outlet. See Fig. 3.
- 4. Install a shutoff valve (K) in the fluid outlet line.

Typical Installation

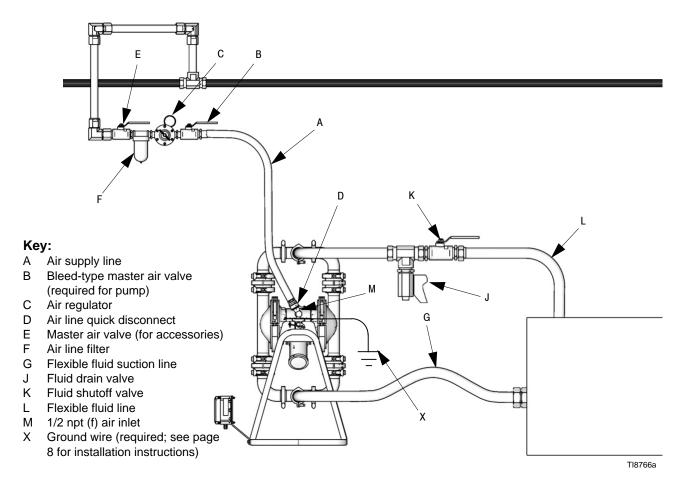


Fig. 3: Typical Floor-Mount Installation

Changing the Orientation of the Fluid Inlet and Outlet Ports

The pump is shipped with the ports facing the same direction. To reorient the ports into any position:

- 1. Remove the clamps (130) holding the inlet and/or outlet tee to the elbows.
- 2. Rotate the manifold tee (339) and reattach. Install the clamps (130) and tighten handtight.

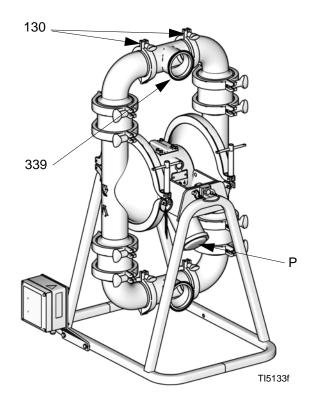


Fig. 4: Orientation of Fluid Ports (tri-clamp model shown)

Air Exhaust Ventilation







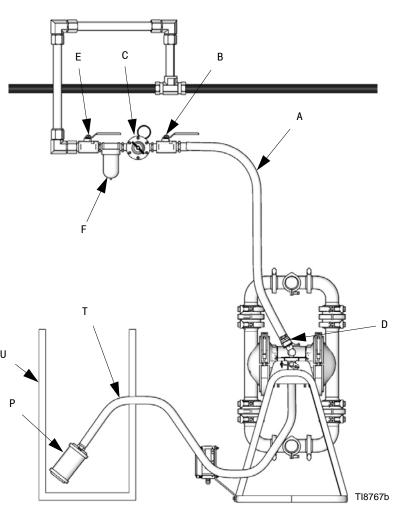
Be sure the system is properly ventilated for your type of installation. You must vent the exhaust to a safe place, away from people, animals, food handling areas, and all sources of ignition when pumping flammable or hazardous fluids.

Diaphragm failure can cause the fluid being pumped to exhaust with the air. Place an appropriate container at the end of the air exhaust line to catch the fluid. See Fig. 5.

The air exhaust port is 3/4 npt(f). Do not restrict the air exhaust port. Excessive exhaust restriction can cause erratic pump operation.

To provide a remote exhaust:

- 1. Remove the muffler (P) from the pump air exhaust port. See Fig. 5.
- Install a grounded air exhaust hose (T) and connect the muffler (P) to the other end of the hose. The minimum size for the air exhaust hose is 3/4 in. (19 mm) ID. If a hose longer than 15 ft (4.57 m) is required, use a larger diameter hose. Avoid sharp bends or kinks in the hose.
- 3. Place a grounded container (U) at the end of the air exhaust line to catch fluid in case of a diaphragm rupture. See Fig. 5.



Key:

- A Air supply line
- B Bleed-type master air valve (required for pump)
- C Air regulator
- D Air line quick disconnect
- E Master air valve (for accessories)
- F Air line filter
- P Muffler
- T Grounded air exhaust hose
- J Container for remote air exhaust

Fig. 5: Venting Exhaust Air

Operation

Pressure Relief Procedure











Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury from injection, splashing or moving parts. Relieve pressure when you stop pumping and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.

- 1. Shut off the air to the pump.
- 2. Open any available outbound fluid valve to relieve fluid pressure from the pump.
- 3. If fluid is still in the outbound fluid lines, isolate this fluid as follows:
 - a. Close the outbound fluid valves.
 - Slowly remove the fluid connections from the pump, and have a container ready to catch any fluid that runs out.

Sanitizing the Pump Before First Use









NOTE: The pump was built and tested using a food grade lubricant.

It is the user's responsibility to properly sanitize the pump before first use. It is up to the user whether this will include disassembling and cleaning individual parts or simply flushing pump with a sanitizing solution. As necessary, follow the steps under **Starting and Adjusting the Pump** below, under **Flushing** on page 14, or under **Disassembly** in the **Service** section on pages 21, 23, and 26.

Starting and Adjusting the Pump

- Be sure the pump is properly grounded. See Grounding, page 8.
- 2. Check connections to be sure they are tight. Tighten fluid inlet and outlet connections securely.
- 3. Place the suction tube (if used) in fluid to be pumped.

NOTE: If fluid inlet pressure to the pump is more than 25% of the outlet working pressure, the ball check valves will not close fast enough, resulting in inefficient pump operation.

- 4. Place the end of fluid hose (L) into an appropriate container.
- 5. Close the fluid drain valve (J).
- 6. Back out the air regulator (C) knob, and open all bleed-type master air valves (B, E).
- 7. If the fluid hose has a dispensing device, hold it open while continuing with the following step.
- 8. Slowly increase air pressure with the air regulator (C) until the pump starts to cycle. Do not exceed the maximum operating air pressure as listed in the Technical Data section on pages 45 and 48. Allow the pump to cycle slowly until all air is pushed out of the lines and the pump is primed.

Pump Shutdown







At the end of the work shift, relieve pressure.

Maintenance

Lubrication

The air valve is designed to operate unlubricated. If lubrication is desired, every 500 hours of operation (or monthly) remove the hose from the pump air inlet and add two drops of machine oil to the air inlet.

NOTICE

Do not over-lubricate the pump. Oil is exhausted through the muffler and could contaminate your fluid supply or other equipment. Excessive lubrication can also cause the pump to malfunction.

Flushing









Insert suction tube into cleaning solution. Open air regulator to supply low pressure air to the pump. Run the pump long enough to thoroughly clean the pump and hoses. Close the air regulator. Remove the suction tube from the cleaning solution and drain pump. Place suction tube in the fluid to be pumped.

Flush the pump often enough to prevent the fluid you are pumping from drying or freezing in the pump and damaging it. Flushing schedule will be based on what the pump is being used for. Use a compatible cleaning solution and always cycle the pump during the entire flushing process.

Always flush the pump and relieve the pressure before storing it for any length of time.

Routine Cleaning of Product Contact Section of Pump

NOTE: The pump and the system should be cleaned in accordance with your state sanitary standard codes and local regulations.

- 1. Flush the system. See Flushing above.
- 2. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 13.
- Disassemble the fluid section of the pump and accessories. See Check Valve Repair, page 21, and Standard Diaphragm Repair, page 23, or 3A/Overmolded Diaphragm Repair, page 26.

- Using a brush or other C.O.P. methods, wash all product contact pump parts with an alkaline detergent at the manufacturer's recommended temperature and concentration.
- 5. Rinse these parts again with water and allow parts to completely dry.
- 6. Inspect the parts and reclean any soiled parts.
- Immerse all product contact parts in an approved sanitizer before assembly. Leave the parts in the sanitizer, taking them out only one by one as needed for assembly. See Check Valve Repair, page 21, and Standard Diaphragm Repair, page 23, or 3A/Overmolded Diaphragm Repair, page 26.
- 8. Lubricate the clamps, clamping surfaces, and gaskets with waterproof sanitary lubricant.
- Circulate the sanitizing solution through the pump and the system prior to use. Cycle the pump as the sanitizing solution is circulated.

Tightening Connections

Before each use, check all hoses for wear or damage, and replace as necessary. Check to be sure all connections are tight and leak-free.

Preventive Maintenance Schedule

Establish a preventive maintenance schedule based on the pump's service history. This is especially important for prevention of spills or leakage due to diaphragm failure. The following is a list of recommended maintenance procedures and frequencies. Maintenance must be performed by trained personnel per the established schedule.

	Operator	Maintenance Persor	
Task	Daily	Weekly	Monthly
Inspect system for leaks	✓		
Depressurize fluid, after operation	✓		
Remove heat from system, after operation	✓		
Inspect diaphragm for wear	✓		
Inspect check valve components	✓		
for wear			
Check hoses for wear		✓	
Check/tighten fluid connections		✓	
Check/tighten air connections		✓	
Lubricate air valves			✓

Troubleshooting



- Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 13, before checking or servicing the equipment.
- Check all possible problems and causes before disassembling the pump.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Pump cycles at stall or fails to hold pressure at stall.	Worn check valve balls (541) or seats (233).	Replace. See page 21.
Pump will not cycle, or cycles once and stops.	Air valve is stuck or dirty.	Disassemble and clean air valve. See page 18. Use filtered air.
	Check valve ball (541) severely worn and wedged in seat (233) or manifold.	Replace ball and seat. See page 21.
	Check valve ball (541) is wedged into seat (233), due to overpressurization.	Follow Pressure Relief Procedure, page 13. Disassemble ball check assembly and inspect for damage, see page 21.
	Dispensing valve clogged.	Relieve pressure and clear valve.
	Leak detector has activated a shutdown solenoid Investigate failure and reserved detector	
Pump operates erratically.	Clogged suction line.	Inspect; clear.
	Sticky or leaking balls (541).	Clean or replace. See page 21.
	Diaphragm ruptured.	Replace. See page 23 (standard) or page 26 (3A/Overmolded).
	Restricted exhaust.	Remove restriction.
Air bubbles in fluid.	Suction line is loose.	Tighten.
	Diaphragm ruptured.	Replace. See page 23 (standard) or page 26 (3A/Overmolded).
	Loose inlet manifold, damaged seal between manifold and seat, damaged gaskets.	Tighten manifold clamps or replace seats or gaskets. See page 21.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Leak in inlet or outlet sanitary fitting.	Loose sanitary clamp.	Tighten clamp.
	Damaged or worn gasket.	Replace gasket.
	Misalignment of inlet/outlet hose or pipe.	Use flexible hoses at pump inlet and outlet.
	Gasket does not seal.	Use a standard sanitary gasket of flexible material such as EPDM, Buna-N, fluoroelastomer, or silicon.
Fluid in exhaust air.	Diaphragm ruptured.	Replace. See page 23 (standard) or page 26 (3A/Overmolded).
	Loose diaphragm plate.	Tighten or replace. See page 23 (standard) or page 26 (3A/Overmolded).
Pump exhausts excessive air at stall.	Worn air valve block, plate, pilot block, u-cups, or pilot pin o-rings.	
	Worn shaft seals.	Replace. See page 23 (standard) or page 26 (3A/Overmolded).
Pump leaks air externally.	Air valve cover is loose.	Tighten screws. See page 18.
	Air valve gasket or air cover gasket is damaged.	Inspect; replace. See page 18.
	Air cover clamps are loose	Tighten clamps.
Pump leaks fluid externally from ball check valves.	Loose manifolds, damaged seal between manifold and seat, damaged gaskets.	Tighten manifold clamps or replace seats or clamps (132). See page 21.
Chattering.	Check balls not seating properly/cleanly due to imbalance between fluid inlet and outlet line sizing. Noise is accentuated with light viscosity fluids.	Reduce size/diameter of inlet line relative to outlet line. Outlet line size should not exceed pump size.

Service

Repairing the Air Valve

Tool Required

- Torque wrench
- Torx (T20) screwdriver or 7 mm (9/32 in.) socket wrench
- Needle-nose pliers
- O-ring pick
- Lithium base grease

Air Valve Repair Kit 255122 is available. Refer to **Parts** on page 40. Parts included in the kit are marked with ◆ symbol. Use all the parts in the kit for the best results.

Disassembly



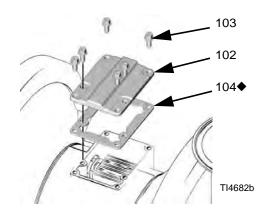
Fig. 6







- 1. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 13.
- 2. With a Torx (T20) screwdriver or 7 mm (9/32 in.) socket wrench, remove the six screws (103), air valve cover (102), and gasket (104). See Fig. 6.



3. Move the valve carriage (105) to the center position and pull it out of the cavity. Using a needle-nose pliers, pull the pilot block (116) straight up and out of the cavity. See Fig. 7.

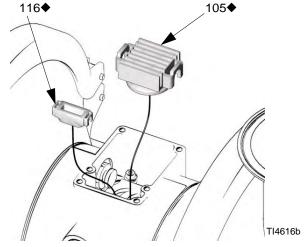


Fig. 7

4. Pull the two actuator pistons (111). Remove the u-cups (110) from the pistons. Pull the pilot pins (114). Remove the o-rings (115) from the pilot pins. See Fig. 8.

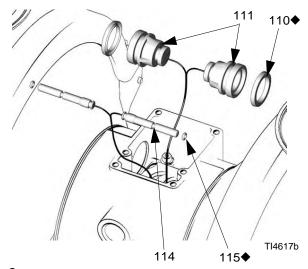


Fig. 8

 Inspect the valve plate (108) in place. If damaged, use a Torx (T20) screwdriver or 7 mm (9/32 in.) socket wrench to remove the three screws (103). Remove the valve plate (108). See Fig. 9.

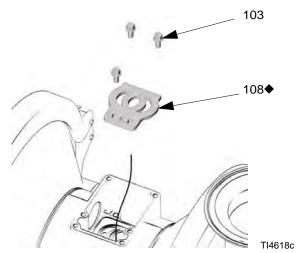


Fig. 9

- Inspect the bearings (112, 117) in place. See Parts on page 40. The bearings are tapered and, if damaged, must be removed from the outside. This requires disassembly of the fluid section. See page 28.
- 7. Clean all parts and inspect for wear or damage. Replace as needed. Reassemble, page 19.

Reassembly

- 1. If you replaced the bearings (112, 117), reinstall as explained on page 28. Reassemble the fluid section.
- Install the valve plate (108) in the cavity, seal down. Install the three screws (103), using a Torx (T20) screwdriver or 7 mm (9/32 in.) socket wrench. Tighten until the screws bottom out on the housing. See Fig. 9.
- 3. Install an o-ring (115) on each pilot pin (114). Grease the pins and o-rings. Insert the pins into the bearings, *narrow* end first. See Fig. 10.

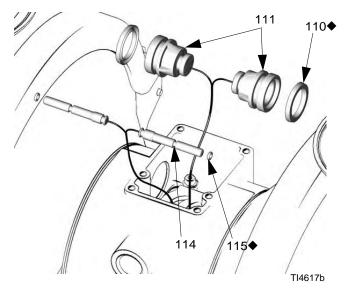
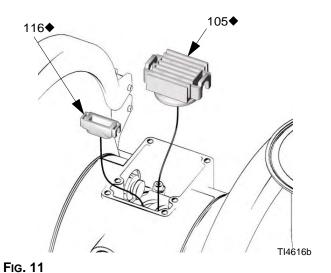


Fig. 10

- Install u-cups (110) on each actuator piston (111), so the lips of the packings face the *narrow* end of the pistons. See Fig. 10.
- Lubricate the u-cups (110) and actuator pistons (111). Insert the actuator pistons in the bearings, wide end first. Leave the narrow end of the pistons exposed. See Fig. 10.

- 6. Grease the lower face of the pilot block (116) and install so its tabs snap into the grooves on the ends of the pilot pins (114). See Fig. 11.
- 7. Grease the lower face of the valve carriage (105). See Fig. 11.
- 8. Install the valve carriage (105) so its tabs slip into the grooves on the narrow end of the actuator pistons (111). See Fig. 11.



9. Align the valve gasket (104) and cover (102) with the six holes in the center housing (101). Secure with six screws (103), using a Torx (T20) screwdriver or 7 mm (9/32 in.) socket wrench. Torque to 50-60 in-lb (5.7-6.8 N•m). See Fig. 12.

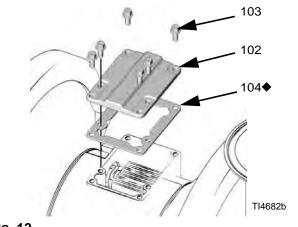


Fig. 12

Check Valve Repair

Disassembly

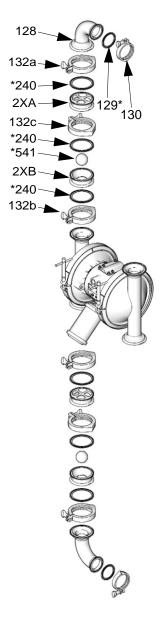
Reference numbers with an asterisk (*) are replacement parts. For a complete list of replacement parts see **Parts**, page 32 and following.







- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 13. Disconnect all hoses.
- 2. Pull the quick release pins and tilt the pump to drain.
- 3. From the outlet manifold, remove both upper clamps (132a).
- 4. Remove outlet manifold leaving elbows (128), gaskets (129), clamps (130), and tee (339) assembled.
- For 3A Ball Check pumps: remove ball gasket (240). Remove middle clamp (132c) and ball stop housing (2XA). Remove middle gasket (240) and ball (541). Remove lower clamp (132b), seat (2XB), and gasket (240). Clean all parts and inspect for wear or damage. Replace parts as needed.



TI8768a

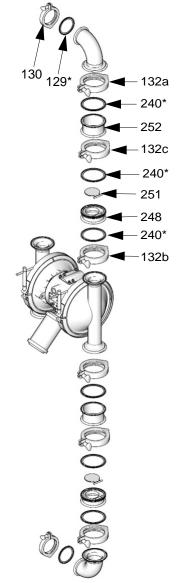
Fig. 13: 3A Ball Check Assembly

For Sanitary Ball Check pumps: remove ball gasket (242) and ball (541). Remove lower clamp (132b), seat (233), and gasket (240). Clean all parts and inspect for wear or damage. Replace parts as needed.

331* TI8769a

Fig. 14: Sanitary Ball Check Assembly

For Flapper Check pumps: remove gasket (240). Remove middle clamp (132c) and housing (252). Remove middle gasket (240), and flapper valve (251). Remove lower clamp (132b), lower flapper housing (248), and gasket (240). Clean all parts and inspect for wear or damage. Replace parts as needed.



TI8770a

Fig. 15: Flapper Check Assembly

- Disassemble the outlet manifold. Remove clamps (130), tee (339), gasket (129), and elbow (128).
 Clean all parts and inspect for wear or damage.
 Replace parts as needed.
- 7. Repeat for inlet manifold.

Reassembly

NOTE: Apply waterproof, sanitary lubricant to the clamps and clamping surfaces. Apply food grade anti-seize lubricant to clamp threads.

- Reassemble inlet and outlet fluid manifolds in reverse order. See step 6. Tighten clamps handtight.
- Reassemble ball or flapper check assembly in reverse order. See step 5. Tighten clamps handtight.

NOTE: For flapper check, make sure flapper check (251) is placed properly in housing (248) groove. Ensure that the flapper check moves freely.

Standard Diaphragm Repair

NOTE: See page 26 for overmolded diaphragms, including all 3A diaphragms.

Tools Required

- Torque wrench
- 5/8 in. wrench
- 19 mm open end wrench
- O-ring pick
- Lithium-base grease
- Spanner wrench

Disassembly









- 1. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 13.
- 2. Remove the manifolds and disassemble the ball check valves as explained on page 21.
- 3. Hold fluid covers in place and remove the clamps (135). Pull the fluid covers (234) off the pump.

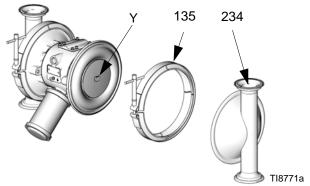


FIG. 16

- 4. With both fluid covers removed, using two 5/8 in. wrenches hold the wrench flats (Y) on the plates of each diaphragm assembly and loosen. One diaphragm assembly will come free and the other will remain attached to the shaft.
- 5. Disassemble the free diaphragm assembly.
- Remove plate (444) with bolt (143) installed, diaphragm (446), backer (447) if present, and plate (445).

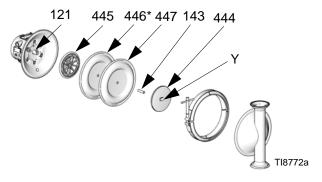


Fig. 17

Pull the other diaphragm assembly and the diaphragm shaft (121) out of the center housing (101).
Hold the shaft flats with a 19 mm open end wrench, and remove the diaphragm assembly from the shaft.
Disassemble the remaining diaphragm assembly.

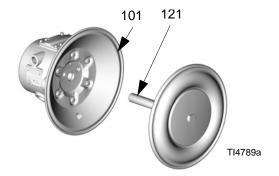


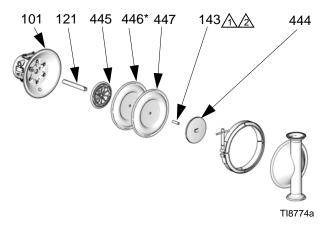
Fig. 18

- Inspect the diaphragm shaft (121) for wear or scratches. If it is damaged, inspect the bearings (117) in place. If the bearings are damaged, refer to Bearing and Air Gasket Removal on page 28.
- 9. Reach into the center housing (101) with an o-ring pick and hook the u-cups (110), then pull them out of the housing. This can be done with the bearings (117) in place. See Fig. 24, page 28.
- Clean all parts and inspect for wear or damage.
 Replace parts as needed.

Reassembly

- Install the shaft u-cups (110) so the lips face out of the housing (101). Lubricate the u-cups. See Reassembly of Bearing, page 28.
- Assemble diaphragm (446), backer (447) if present, and plate (445) onto plate (444) with screw (143). Rounded side of plate (445) should face diaphragm. Make sure the side marked AIR SIDE faces the center housing.

NOTE: Thread locker must be applied to screw (143) as shown in Fig. 19 for all diaphragm assemblies.



Apply a high-strength thread locker to attach the screw to the diaphragm plate, if needed.

Apply a medium-strength thread locker to the shaft side of the

Fig. 19

- 3. Screw assembled diaphragm assembly into shaft (121) and hand tighten.
- 4. Grease the length of the diaphragm shaft (121), and slide it through the housing (101).
- 5. Assemble the other diaphragm assembly to the shaft as explained in step 2.
- Using a 5/8 in. wrench hold the wrench flats of one diaphragm assembly and torque the other diaphragm to 60-70 ft-lb (81-94 N•m).

NOTE: Apply waterproof, sanitary lubricant to the clamps and clamping surfaces. Apply food grade anti-seize lubricant to clamp threads.

7. Align the fluid covers (234) and the center housing. Secure the covers with the clamps (135) and hand tighten.

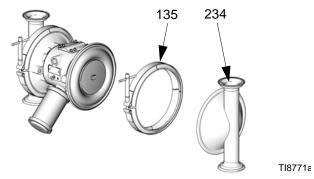


Fig. 20

Reassemble the ball check valves and manifolds as explained on page 23.

3A/Overmolded Diaphragm Repair

NOTE: If your pump uses standard diaphragms, see page 23.

Tools Required

- Torque wrench
- 19 mm open end wrench
- O-ring pick
- · Lithium-base grease

Disassembly









- 1. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 13.
- 2. Remove the manifolds and disassemble the ball check valves as explained on page 21.
- 3. Remove the clamps (135) holding the fluid covers (234) to the air covers (120). Pull the fluid covers (234) off the pump. See Fig. 21.
- 4. Once the fluid covers are removed, the diaphragm on the side of the pump which was last pressurized with air will be separated from the center section/air cover. This allows you to grip the diaphragms.
- Diaphragms are assembled handtight. To loosen, grip both diaphragms securely around the outer edge and rotate counterclockwise. One diaphragm assembly will come free and the other will remain attached to the shaft. Remove the freed diaphragm (446) and air side plate (445).

- Pull the opposite diaphragm assembly and shaft (121) out of the center housing (101). Hold the shaft flats with a 19 mm open end wrench and remove the diaphragm and air side plate from the shaft.
- Inspect the diaphragm shaft (121) for wear or scratches. If it is damaged, inspect the bearings (117) in place. If the bearings are damaged, refer to page 28.
- 8. Reach into the center housing (101) with an o-ring pick and hook the u-cup packings (110), then pull them out of the housing. This can be done with the bearings (117) in place.
- Clean all parts and inspect for wear or damage. Replace parts as needed.

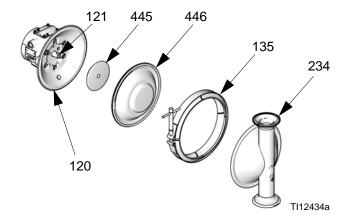


Fig. 21

Reassembly





To reduce the risk of serious injury, including amputation, do not put your fingers or hand between the air cover and the diaphragm.

- Install the shaft u-cup packings (110*) so the lips face out of the housing (101). Lubricate the packings. See Fig. 24, page 28.
- 2. Apply high-strength (red) Loctite® or equivalent to attach the bolt (446a) to the diaphragm (446), if needed. Assemble the air side plate (445) onto the diaphragm (446). The wide, radiused side of the plate must face the diaphragm. Apply medium-strength (blue) Loctite® or equivalent to the threads of the diaphragm assembly. Screw the assembly into the shaft (121) hand tight.
- 3. Grease the length and ends of the diaphragm shaft (121). Insert the shaft/diaphragm assembly into one side of the pump.

NOTE: Turn the pump 90° on the stand for easier fluid cover clamping.

Align the fluid cover (234) and the center housing. Securely tighten the clamp (135).

- 4. Assemble the other diaphragm assembly to the shaft as explained in step 2. This diaphragm will be lifted off the air cover at this point.
- Supply the pump with low pressure air (less than 7 psi [.05 MPa, 0.5 bar]). The diaphragm will very slowly pull onto the air cover (120). Find the pressure that keeps the diaphragm close enough to clamp, but does not let it contact the pilot pin.

NOTICE

Do not deform the diaphragm manually. The diaphragm needs uniform pressure to deform properly.

NOTE: Apply waterproof, sanitary lubricant to the clamps and clamping surfaces. Apply food grade anti-seize lubricant to clamp threads.

 Assemble the fluid cover (234) and clamp (135) so the cover is aligned to the center housing. Tilt pump for easier assembly. Securely tighten the clamp.

NOTE: If the diaphragm contacts the pilot pin and is forced away from the air cover, try Step 5 again. If necessary, return to Step 3.

7. Reassemble the ball check valves and manifolds as explained on page 21.

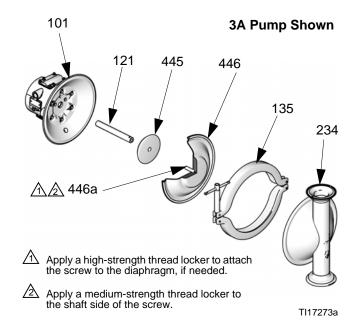


FIG. 22

Bearing and Air Gasket Removal

Tools Required

- Torque wrench
- 10 mm socket wrench
- Bearing puller
- O-ring pick
- · Press, or block and mallet

Disassembly

NOTE: Do not remove undamaged bearings.



- Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 13.
- 2. Remove the manifolds and disassemble the ball check valves as explained on page 21.
- Remove the fluid covers and diaphragm assemblies as explained on page 23 (standard) or page 26 (3A/Overmolded).

NOTE: If you are removing only the diaphragm shaft bearing (117), skip step 4.

- 4. Disassemble the air valve as explained on page 18.
- Using a 10 mm socket wrench, remove the screws (122) holding the air covers (120) to the center housing (101).

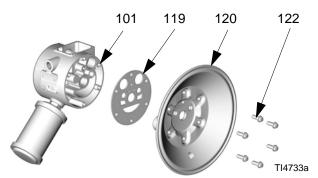


FIG. 23

- 6. Remove the air cover gaskets (119). Always replace the gaskets with new ones.
- Use a bearing puller to remove the diaphragm shaft bearings (117), air valve bearings (112) or pilot pin bearings (113). Do not remove undamaged bearings

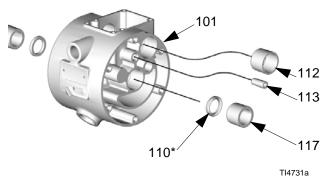


Fig. 24

If you removed the diaphragm shaft bearings (117) reach into the center housing (101) with an o-ring pick and hook the u-cups (110), then pull them out of the housing. Inspect the u-cups. See Fig. 24. Replace parts as needed.

Reassembly

NOTE: Adhesive must be applied to the outside surface of the bearing (112) and the inside surface of bore (Z) prior to assembly.

- 1. Install the shaft u-cups (110) so the lips face *out* of the housing.
- Insert new bearings (112, 113, and 117) into the center housing (101), tapered end first. Using a press or a block and rubber mallet, press-fit the bearing so it is flush with the surface of the center housing.

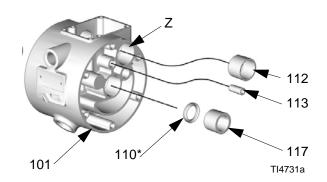


Fig. 25

3. Reassemble the air valve as explained on page 18.

4. Align the new air cover gasket (119) so the pilot pin (114) protruding from the center housing (101) fits through the proper hole in the gasket

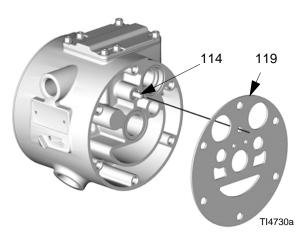


FIG. 26

5. Align the air cover (120) so the pilot pin (114) fits in the middle hole (M) of the three small holes near the center of the cover.

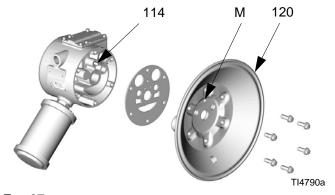


Fig. 27

6. Apply medium-strength (blue) Loctite[®] or equivalent to the threads of the screws (122). Install the screws (122), handtight. Using a 10 mm socket wrench, torque the screws oppositely and evenly to 130-150 in-lb (15-17 N•m). Install the diaphragm assemblies and fluid covers as explained on page 23.



7. Reassemble the ball check valves and manifolds as explained on page 21.

Pump Matrix

NOTE: For BES/Ram Models (Non-Matrix Part Numbers 24xxxx), see page 41.

SaniForce 3150 Stainless Steel Sanitary Pumps

Your Model No. is marked on the pump's serial plate. To determine the Model No. of your pump from the following matrix, select the six digits which describe your pump, working from left to right. The first digit is always **S**, designating Graco Sanitary diaphragm pumps. The remaining five digits define the pump configuration, size, and materials of construction. For example, a sanitary

ball check pump with a three inch inlet and outlet, Santoprene balls and diaphragms, a pump stand, and no leak detector is model **SB3661**. To order replacement parts, refer to the part lists on pages 32 - 41. The digits in the matrix **do not** correspond to the reference numbers in the parts drawing and lists.

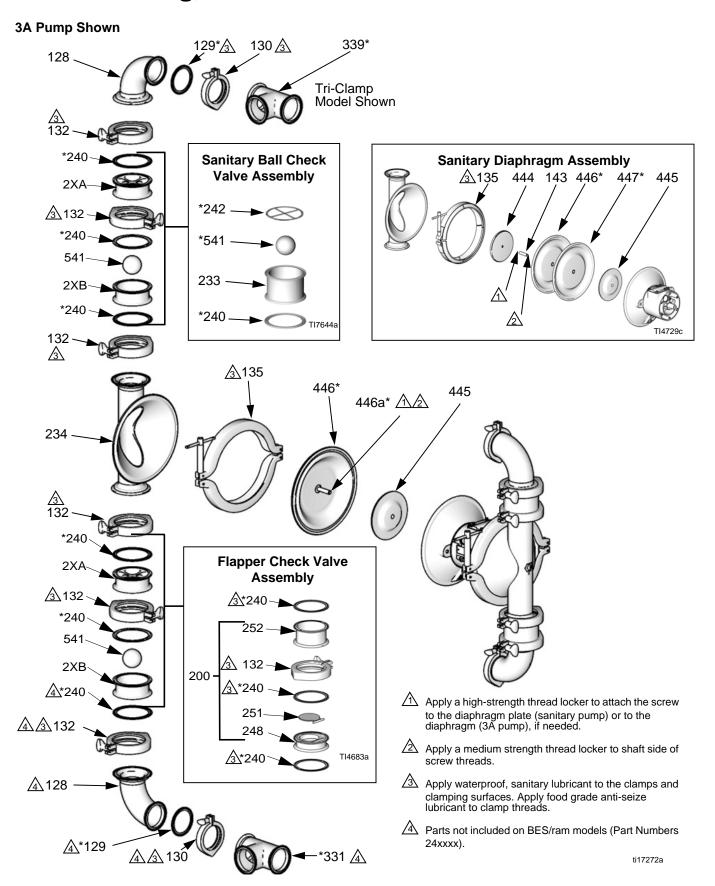
Sanitary Pump	Pump Configuration	Inlet and Outlet (in.)	Diaphragm	Check Ball Material	Leak Detector, Pump Stand
S - (for all pumps)	A 3A Approved Ball Check (HD)	1 1 1/2 x 1 1/2	A 3A Approved (EPDM)	A 3A Approved (PTFE)	A Leak Detector and Pump Stand
	B Ball Check	2 2 x 2	3 (HD) PTFE/EPDM overmolded	6 Santoprene®	1 Pump Stand
	F Flapper Check	3 3 x 3	6 Santoprene®	7 Buna-N	3 None
		4 4 x 4	7 Buna-N	8 fluoroelasto- mer	
		5 3 x 2	8 fluoroelastomer	F Flapper	
		6 50 mm DIN			
		7 80mm DIN			
		P NONE			

SaniForce 1590 Stainless Steel Sanitary Pumps

The table below shows all available configurations for 1590 Stainless Steel Sanitary Pumps.

Model Number	Pump Configuration	Inlet and Outlet (in.)	Check Valve Style	Check Ball Material	Diaphragm Material
SABAAA	3A Approved with Leak Detector	2 x 2	3A Ball Checks (HD)	3A PTFE	3A Approved EPDM
SADAAA	3A Approved with Leak Detector	50 mm DIN	3A Ball Checks (HD)	3A PTFE	3A Approved EPDM
SBBAAA	Non-3A Approved No Leak Detector	2 x 2	3A Ball Checks (HD)	3A PTFE	3A Approved EPDM
SBDAAA	Non-3A Approved No Leak Detector	50 mm DIN	3A Ball Checks (HD)	3A PTFE	3A Approved EPDM
SBBA11	Non-3A Approved No Leak Detector	2 x 2	3A Ball Checks (HD)	3A PTFE	PTFE
SBBA22	Non-3A Approved No Leak Detector	2 x 2	3A Ball Checks (HD)	Santoprene	Santoprene
SABA13	Non-3A Approved with Leak Detector	2 x 2	3A Ball Checks (HD)	3A PTFE	PTFE/EPDM overmolded (HD)
SBBA13	Non-3A Approved No Leak Detector	2 x 2	3A Ball Checks (HD)	3A PTFE	PTFE/EPDM overmolded (HD)
SBDA13	Non-3A Approved No Leak Detector	50 mm DIN	3A Ball Checks (HD)	3A PTFE	PTFE/EPDM overmolded (HD)

Parts Drawing, Fluid Section



Parts List, Fluid Section

Pump Configuration

Digit	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
Mode	el 3150)		1
Α		ЗА Ар	proved Ball Check Pump	
	132	510490	CLAMP, 4 in.	4
	2XB	15H406	SEAT	4
	234	249533	COVER, fluid	2
	240*	15H460	GASKET, 4 in., EPDM	12
	2XA	15H407	STOP, ball	4
В		Star	ndard Ball Check Pump	
	132	16X086	CLAMP, 4 in.	4
	233	15D026	SEAT	4
	234	234530	COVER, fluid	2
	240*	15H460	GASKET, 4 in., EPDM	4
	242*	15D346	GASKET, ball stop	4
F		F	lapper Check Pump	•
	234	234530	COVER, fluid	2
	240*	15H460	GASKET, 4 in., EPDM	12
	200	16E975	MODULE, flapper; includes 4x of items 132, 248, 251, 252, and 12x item 240	1
	132	510490	CLAMP, 4 in.	4
	248	16D853	HOUSING, lower flapper	4
	251	16D854	VALVE, flapper, weldment	4
	252	15D090	HOUSING, upper flapper	4
Mode	el 1590)		
All	132	15D475	CLAMP, 3 in.	4
All	2XB	15H481	SEAT	4
All	234	249892	COVER, Fluid	2
All	240*	15H459	GASKET, 3 in., EPDM	12
All	2XA	15H482	STOP, Ball	4
	ЗА Ар	proved Ball	Check Pump	
A	135	24J608	CLAMP, sanitary, dia- phragm	2
		ard Ball Che		
В	135	15H341	CLAMP, sanitary, dia- phragm	2

^{*} Indicates replacement parts.

Inlet and Outlet

Digit	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
Model 315	50			
1			Tri-clamp tee	
	331*	234536	TEE, inlet, 1 1/2 in.	1
	339*	234536	TEE, outlet, 1 1/2 in.	1
2	Tri-clamp tee		Tri-clamp tee	
	331*	234534	TEE, inlet, 2 in.	1
	339*	234534	TEE, outlet, 2 in.	1
3	-		Tri-clamp tee	
	331*	234532	TEE, inlet, 3 in.	1
	339*	234532	TEE, outlet, 3 in.	1
4			Tri-clamp tee	1
	331*	234535	TEE , inlet, 4 in.	1
	339*	234535	TEE, outlet, 4 in.	1
5	1	<u> </u>	Tri-clamp tee	1
	331*	234532	TEE , inlet, 3 in.	1
	339*	234534	TEE, outlet, 2 in.	1
6			DIN tee	
	331*	24U212	TEE , inlet, 50 mm	1
	339*	24U212	TEE, outlet, 50 mm	1
7			DIN tee	
	331*	24U213	TEE , inlet, 80 mm	1
	339*	24U213	TEE, outlet, 80 mm	1
8	-		DIN tee	
	331*	24U214	TEE , inlet, 100 mm	1
	339*	24U214	TEE, outlet, 100 mm	1
Model 159	0		1	
		Tri-cla	mp tee	
All Tri-	331*	249893	TEE, Inlet, 2 in.	1
Clamp	339*	249893	TEE, Outlet, 2 in.	1
	•		tee	
SADAAA	331*	1	TEE, Inlet, 50 mm	1
SBDAAA SBDA13	339*	24U211	TEE, Outlet, 50 mm	1

^{*} Indicates replacement parts.

Continued on next page.

Inlet and Outlet Parts (Continued)

Digit	Ref.	Part	Description	Qty.			
	Model	Model 3150					
	128	234531	ELBOW	4			
	129	15H459	GASKET, sanitary, EPDM, 3 in.	4			
All	130	15D475	CLAMP, sanitary, 3 in.	4			
	132	510490	CLAMP, sanitary, 4 in.	6			
	135	15G323	CLAMP, sanitary, diaphragm	2			
	Model '	1590					
	128	249894	ELBOW	4			
AII	129	15H598	GASKET, sanitary, EPDM, 2 in.	4			
	130	500984	CLAMP, sanitary, 2 in.	4			
	132	15D475	CLAMP, sanitary, 3 in.	8			

Diaphragm Material

Digit	Ref.	Part	Description	Qty		
Model 3	150	-1				
Α	253224 3A Approved, EPDM, Overmolded; includes 110 and 446					
	110	112181	U-CUP	2		
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM ASSY	2		
	445	189298	PLATE, diaphragm (air side)	2		
3	253628 (HD) PTFE; includes 110, 446					
	110	112181	U-CUP	2		
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM ASSY	2		
	445	15H811	PLATE, diaphragm (air side)	2		
6	253225 Santoprene; includes 110, 446					
	110	112181	U-CUP	2		
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM	2		
	143	15D021	BOLT	2		
	444	15D018	PLATE, diaphragm	2		
	445	189298	PLATE, diaphragm	2		
7	253223	Buna-N;	includes 110, 446			
	110	112181	U-CUP	2		
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM	2		
	143	15D021	BOLT	2		
	444	15D018	PLATE, diaphragm	2		
	445	189298	PLATE, diaphragm	2		
8	253222 fluoroelastomer; includes 110, 446					
	110	112181	U-CUP	2		
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM	2		
	143	15D021	BOLT	2		
	444	15D018	PLATE, diaphragm	2		
	445	189298	PLATE, diaphragm	2		

Model	Ref.	Part	Description	Qty
Model 159	0	-		
	2550		proved, EPDM, Overmold des 110 and 446	led;
SABAAA SADAAA SBBAAA SBDAAA	110	112181	U-CUP	2
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM ASSEMBLY	2
	445	15K448	PLATE, Diaphragm (air side)	
	2550	59 Santop	orene; includes 110 and 4	146
	110	112181	U-CUP	2
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM	2
SBBA22	143	15D021	BOLT	2
	444	15K288	PLATE, Diaphragm (fluid side)	2
	445	15K448	PLATE, Diaphragm (air side)	2
	25506	O PTFE; ir	ncludes 110 and 446 and	447
	110	112181	U-CUP	2
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM	2
SBBA11	447*†		BACKER	2
	143	15D021	BOLT	2
	444	15K288	PLATE, Diaphragm (fluid side)	2
	445	15K448	PLATE, Diaphragm (air side)	2
	253	3627 (HD)	PTFE; includes 110, 44	6
SABA13 SBBA13 SBDA13	110	112181	U-CUP	2
	446*†		DIAPHRAGM ASSY	2
	445	15H810	PLATE, diaphragm (air side)	2

All diaphragm modules above include 2 u-cups (110) to replace seals around shaft (121). See page 38.

^{*} Indicates replacement parts.

[†] Indicates a recommended spare part.

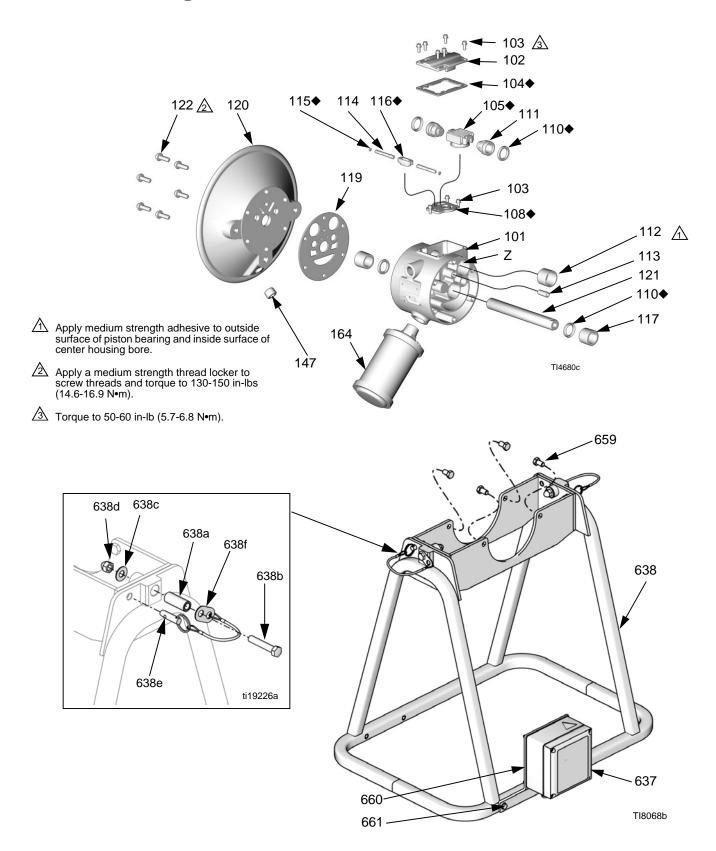
Check Ball Material

F Flapper check NONE	Qty				
541*† 112359 BALL 4 F					
F Flapper check NONE					
NONE	4				
6 Santoprene 541*† 112361 BALL 7 BUNA-N 541*† 15B492 BALL 8 fluoroelastomer 541*† 15B491 BALL 4 Model 1590 3A Approved PTFE SABAAA					
541*† 112361 BALL 4 7					
7 BUNA-N 541*† 15B492 BALL 8 fluoroelastomer 541*† 15B491 BALL 4 Model 1590 3A Approved PTFE SABAAA	Santoprene				
	4				
8 fluoroelastomer 541*† 15B491 BALL 4 Model 1590 3A Approved PTFE SABAAA					
541*† 15B491 BALL 4 Model 1590 3A Approved PTFE SABAAA	4				
Model 1590 3A Approved PTFE SABAAA	fluoroelastomer				
3A Approved PTFE SABAAA	4				
SABAAA					
	3A Approved PTFE				
SBBAAA 541*† 112419 BALL 4 SBBAAA SBDAAA	4				
Santoprene					
SBBA22 541*† 112421 BALL	4				

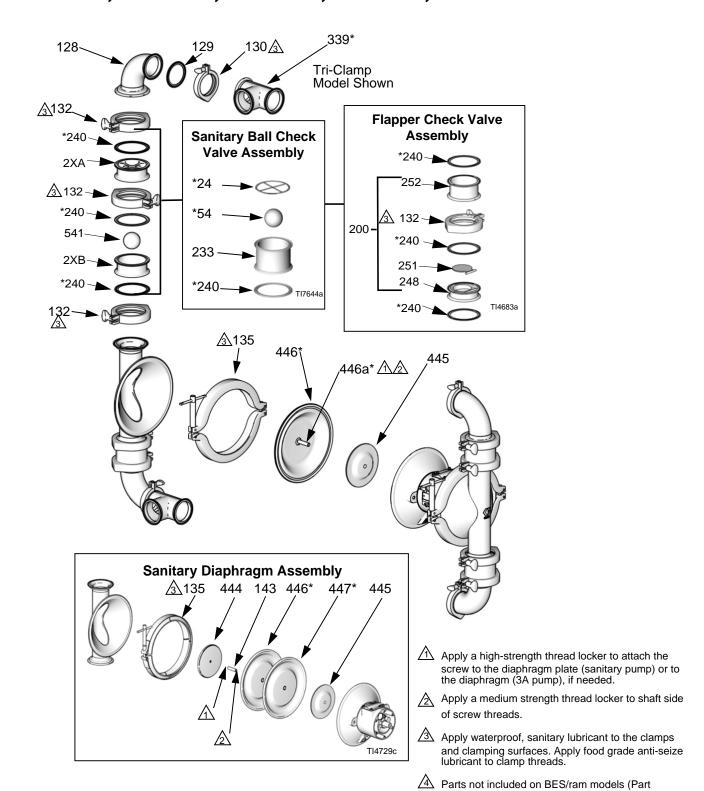
^{*} Indicates replacement parts.

[†] Indicates a recommended spare part.

Parts Drawing, Air Section and Stand



Parts Drawing, Fluid Section, Models 248273, 248274, 24C124, 24E440, 24E667, 24J388, and 24J389



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Numbers 24xxxx).

Parts List, Air Section and Stand

Air Section - All Models (Including those listed on page 40).

Digit	Ref.	Part	Description	Qty.
	101	15K010	HOUSING, center	1
	102	15K697	HOUSING, cover	1
	103	116344	SCREW, mach, torx	10
	104◆	188618	GASKET, cover	1
	105◆	248904	CARRIAGE, manifold assy	1
	108◆	15H178	VALVE, plate	1
	110◆	112181	U-CUP, packing	4
	111	188612	PISTON, actuator	2
	112	188613	BEARING, piston	2
	113	188611	BEARING, pin	2
	114		PIN, push	2
ALL	115◆	157628	O-RING	2
Models	116◆	188614	BLOCK, pilot	1
	117	188609	BEARING, shaft	2
	119	188603	GASKET air cover	2
	120	15D016	COVER, machined air, 3150	2
		15G694	COVER, machined air, 1590	2
	121a	189245	SHAFT, (for all 1590 models)	1
	121b	189304	SHAFT, (for all 3150 models)	1
	122	112178	SCREW	12
	147	103778	PLUG	2
	162□	188621	TAG, warning	1
	164‡	15G332	MUFFLER	1

[◆] Parts included in Air Valve Repair Kit 255122 (purchase separately).

Leak Detector and Pump Stand

Digit	Ref.	Part	Description			
Α	A 3A Approved, Leak Detector and Pump Stand 3150 and 1590 SABAAA					
	637	15D990	LEAK DETECTOR	1		
	638	24L978	FRAME (includes 4 bolts, ref. 659)	1		
	659	15D008	BOLT, sst	4		
	660	15H971	GASKET, upper	1		
	661	15H972	GASKET, lower	1		
1	Pump Stand Only 3150 and 1590 SBBAAA, SBBA11, SBBA22					
	638	24L978	FRAME (includes 4 bolts, ref. 659)	1		
	659	15D008	BOLT, sst	4		
3	Bare Pump					
			none			

^{*} Indicates replacement parts.

Kit 24N798 Hinge Repair Kit

Ref.	Description	Qty.
638a	BUSHING	2
638b	BOLT	2
638c	WASHER	2
638d	NUT, acorn	2

Kit 24N799 Quick-Release Pin Repair Kit

Ref.	Description	Qty.
638e	LOCK PIN, with lanyard	2
638f	RETAINER	2

[□] Replacement Danger and Warning labels, tags, and cards are available at no cost.

[‡] Included in all Models EXCEPT 248273, 248274, 24C124, 24E440, 24E667, 24J388, and 24J389

[†] Indicates a recommended spare part.

Parts List, Models 248273, 248274, 24C124, 24E440, 24E667, 24J388, and 24J389

NOTE: These 3150 models are for use with ram systems or Bin Evacuation Systems and do not include a fluid inlet tee, elbows, and related parts.

Fluid Section Parts

(see Parts Drawing, Fluid Section on page 32)

Ref.	Part	Description	Qty.
128	234531	ELBOW	2
129	15H459	GASKET, sanitary, EPDM, 3 in.	2
130	15D475	CLAMP, sanitary, 3 in.	2
132	510490	CLAMP, sanitary, 4 in.	4
	16X086	CLAMP, sanitary, 4 in.; used on models 248273 and 24E667	
135	15G323	CLAMP, sanitary, diaphragm	2
143	15D021	BOLT	2
339*	234532	TEE, outlet; 3 x 3 in.	1
444	See Table	PLATE, diaphragm	2
445	See Table	PLATE, diaphragm	2
446*†	See Table	DIAPHRAGM	2

Ball Check Parts

(Models 248273, 24C124, 24E440, 24E667, 24J388, and 24J389)

Ref.	Part	Description	Qty.
233	See Table	SEAT	4
234	234530	COVER, fluid	2
240*	15H460	GASKET, 4 in., EPDM	2
	15H460	GASKET, 4 in., EPDM used on models 248273 and 24E667	10
242*	See Table	BALL STOP/GASKET	4
2XA	See Table	BALL STOP	4
2XB	See Table	SEAT	4
541*†	See Table	BALL	4

Flapper Check Parts

(Model 248274 only); See Parts Drawing (Models 248273, 24C124, 24E440, 24E667, 24J388, and 24J389)

Ref.	Part	Description	Qty.
234	234530	COVER, fluid	2
240*	15H460	GASKET, 4 in., EPDM	2
	15H460	GASKET, 4 in., EPDM used on models 248273 and 24E667	10
200	16E975	MODULE, flapper; includes 4x of items 132, 248, 251, 252, and 12x item 240	1
132	510490	CLAMP, sanitary, 4 in.used on models 248273 and 24E667	4
	16X086	CLAMP, sanitary, 4 in.; used on models 248273 and 24E667	
248	16D853	. HOUSING, lower flapper	4
251	16D854	. VALVE, flapper, weldment	4
252	15D090	. HOUSING, upper flapper	4

^{*} Indicates replacement parts.

[†] Indicates a recommended spare part.

Parts that Vary by Model

Ref.	Description	Qty	248273	248274	24C124	24E440	24E667	24J388	24J389
2XB	SEAT	4			15H406	15H406		15H406	15H406
2XA	BALL STOP	4			15H407	15H407		15H407	15H407
233	SEAT	4	15D026				15D026		
242	BALL STOP/GASKET	4	15D346				15D346		
444	PLATE diaphragm, fluid side	2	15D018	15D018				15D018	
445	PLATE, diaphragm, air side	2	189289	189289	189298	189298	15H811	189298	15H811
446	DIAPHRAGM	2							
	Santoprene, includes 2 u-cups (110)		253225	253225				253225	
	EPDM Overmolded				15F914	15F914			
	PTFE/EPDM Overmolded						15G746		15G746
541	BALL	4							
	PTFE				112359	112359			112359
	Santoprene		112361				112361	112361	

Accessories

15D990 Leak Detector

Sensor and control package that monitors the diaphragm condition. In case of diaphragm failure, the control will provide an audible alarm and relay contacts for remote alarms or solenoids. See Leak Detector manual 311200.

NOTE: To be 3 approved, a leak detection system must be used on the pump. Any pump with a leak detector installed is NOT Atex approved.

NOTE: To replace a sensor, order Part No. 24B290 Leak Detector Sensor Replacement Kit. The kit includes one sensor.

3150 Conversion Kits

15H461 3A Approved Ball Check Conversion Kit

Converts flapper check valve to 3A ball check valve. Includes four seats and four ball stops. Balls need to be ordered separately.

Part No.	Description	Qty.
15B406	SEAT, ball	4
15H460	GASKET, 4 in.	12
510490	CLAMP, 4 in.	4
15H407	STOP, ball	4

16E975 Flapper Valve Conversion Kit

Converts ball check valve to flapper check valve. Includes four flapper assemblies. See **Flapper Check Valve Assembly**, page 32.

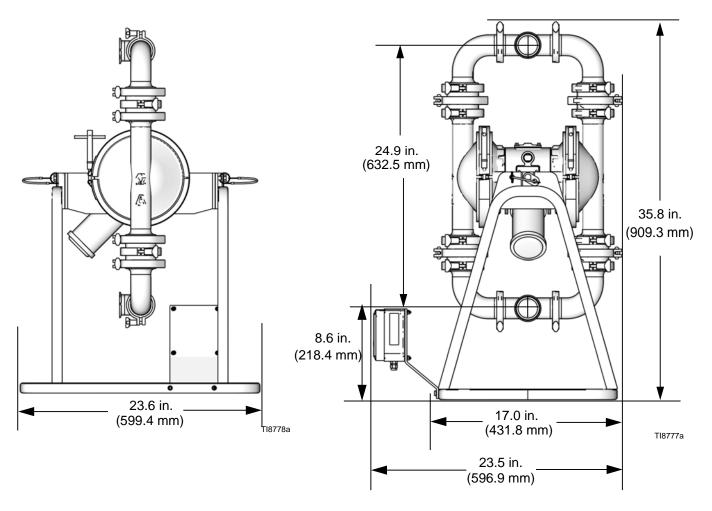
Part No.	Description	Qty.
15H460	GASKET, 4 in., EPDM	12
15D090	HOUSING, upper flapper	4
16D853	HOUSING, lower flapper	4
16D854	VALVE, flapper, weldment	4
510490	CLAMP, 4 in.	4

15E285 Sanitary Ball Check Conversion Kit

Converts flapper check valve to sanitary ball check valve. Includes four seats and four ball stops. Balls need to be ordered separately.

Part No.	Description	Qty.
15D026	SEAT, ball	4
15D346	GASKET, ball stop	4

Model 1590 Dimensional Drawing



NOTE: Dimensions are identical for tri-clamp and DIN models.

Model 1590 Technical Data

Maximum fluid working pressure Air pressure operating range Maximum air consumption Air consumption at 70 psi air inlet pressure/60 gpm Maximum free-flow delivery Maximum pump speed * Gallons (Liters) per cycle Maximum suction lift (varies widely based on ball/seat selection and wear, operating speed, material properties, and other variables) Maximum size pumpable solids	20-120 psi (0.14-0.8 MPa, 1.4-8 bar) 125 scfm 50 scfm (see chart) 100 gpm (378.5 l/min) 200 cpm 0.5 (1.96) 28 ft (8.5 m) wet, 15 ft (4.57 m) dry
** Maximum Noise Level at 100 psi, full flow	
** Sound Power Level	
** Noise Level at 70 psi and 50 cpm	65 dba
Maximum fluid operating temperature is based on the following maximum diaphragm, ball, and seat temperature ratings. PTFE balls; PTFE/EPDM 2-piece diaphragm PTFE /EPDM Overmolded (HD) diaphragm Santoprene balls or diaphragm	220°F (104.4°C) 180°F (82.2°C) 180°F (82.2°C)
Air inlet size	0.5 in. npt(f)
Wetted parts ***All fluid contact materials are FDA-compliant and meet the United States Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 21, Section 177.	
All fluid contact materials are FDA-compliant. Wetted materials on all models	Santoprene®, 3A Approved EPDM, PTFE ily foods or alcohols up to 15%.
Non-wetted external parts	300 series stainless steel, polyester (labels), LDPE foam (gasket)
Weight	
Santonrang® is a registered trademark of the Monsanto Co	

Santoprene® is a registered trademark of the Monsanto Co.

Loctite® is a registered trademark of the Loctite Corporation.

- * Displacement per cycle may vary based on suction condition, discharge head, air pressure, and fluid type.
- ** Noise levels measured with the pump mounted on the stand. Sound power measured per ISO Standard 9614-1.

^{***} The pump user must verify that the construction materials meet their specific application requirements.

Model 1590 Performance Chart

Test Conditions: Pump tested in water with inlet submerged

To find Fluid Outlet Pressure

(psi/MPa/bar) at a specific fluid flow (gpm/lpm) and operating air pressure (psi/MPa/bar):

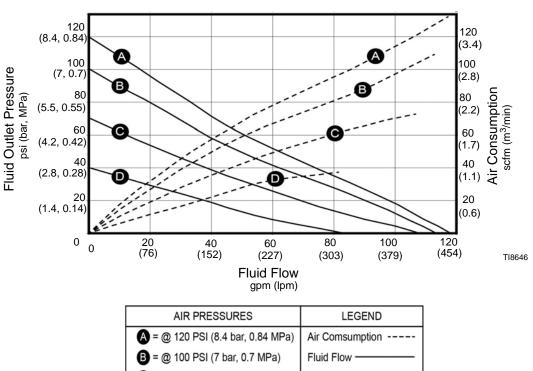
- Locate fluid flow rate along bottom of chart.
- Follow vertical line up to intersection with selected fluid outlet pressure curve.
- Follow left to scale to read fluid outlet pressure.

To find Pump Air Pressure

(scfm or m³/min) at a specific fluid flow (gpm/lpm) and operating air pressure (psi/MPa/bar):

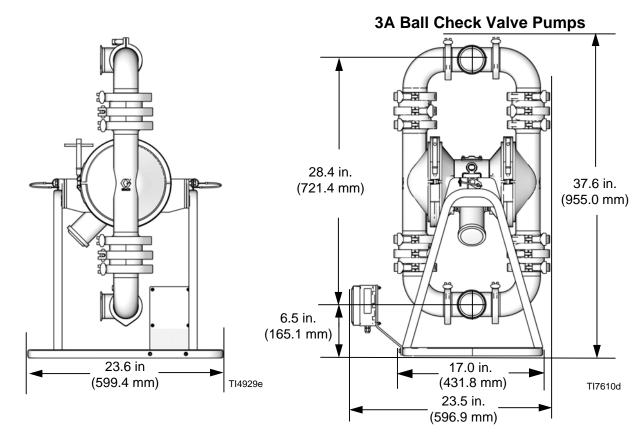
- 1. Locate fluid flow rate along bottom of chart.
- Read vertical line up to intersection with selected air consumption curve.
- 3. Follow left to scale to read fluid outlet pressure.

1590 3A Performance Chart



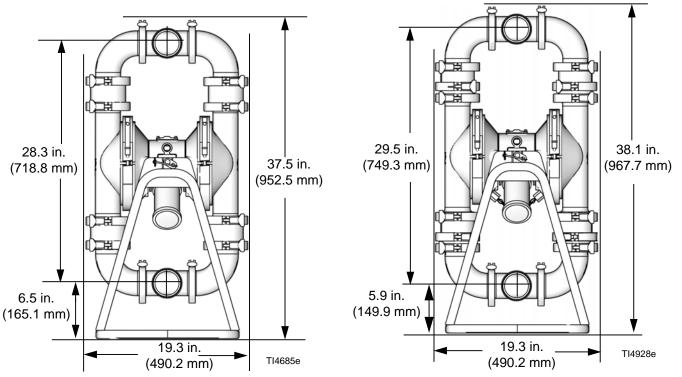
© = @ 70 PSI (4.8 bar, 0.48 MPa) **D** = @ 40 PSI (2.8 bar, 0.28 MPa)

Model 3150 Dimensional Drawing



Sanitary Ball Check Valve Pumps

Flapper Check Valve Pumps



NOTE: Dimensions are identical for tri-clamp and DIN models.

Model 3150 Technical Data

Maximum fluid working pressure Air pressure operating range Maximum air consumption Air consumption at 70 psi air inlet pressure/60 gpm. Maximum free-flow delivery Maximum pump speed * Gallons (Liters) per cycle Maximum suction lift (varies widely based on ball/seat selection and wear, operating speed, material properties, and other variables)	20-120 psi (0.14-0.8 MPa, 1.4-8 bar) 175 scfm 50 scfm (see chart) 160 gpm (606 l/min) 145 cpm 1.03 (3.90) Flapper 10 ft (3.5 m) wet, 5 ft (1.75 m) dry
Maximum size pumpable solids	Flapper 2.5 in. (63.5 mm) Ball 1.0 in. (25.4 mm)
** Maximum Noise Level at 100 psi, full flow	103 dBa
Fluid operating temperature is based on the following maximum diaphragm, ball, and seat temperature ratings. PTFE balls	-40 to 220°F (-40 to 104°C) -40 to 180°F (-40 to 82°C) -40 to 180°F (-40 to 82°C) -40 to 250°F (-40 to 121°C) 10 to 180°F (-12 to 82°C)
Air inlet size	0.5 in. npt(f)
Wetted parts ***All fluid contact materials are FDA-compliant and meet Title 21, Section 177. Wetted materials on all models	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CAUTION: Santoprene® may be used only with non-fatty, non-oily foods or alcohols up to 15%.	
	300 series stainless steel, polyester (labels), LDPE foam (gasket)
Weight	145 lb (66 kg)
Santoprene® is a registered trademark of the Monsanto Co.	

Loctite® is a registered trademark of the Loctite Corporation.

- Displacement per cycle may vary based on suction condition, discharge head, air pressure, and fluid type.
- Noise levels measured with the pump mounted on the stand. Sound power measured per ISO Standard 9614-1.

^{***} The pump user must verify that the construction materials meet their specific application requirements.

Model 3150 Performance Chart

Test Conditions: Pump tested in water with inlet submerged

To find Fluid Outlet Pressure

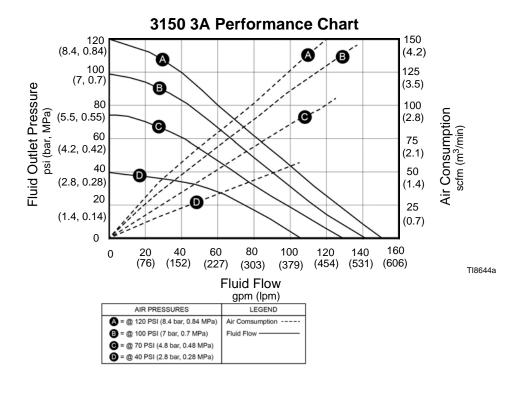
(psi/MPa/bar) at a specific fluid flow (gpm/lpm) and operating air pressure (psi/MPa/bar):

- 1. Locate fluid flow rate along bottom of chart.
- 2. Follow vertical line up to intersection with selected fluid outlet pressure curve.
- 3. Follow left to scale to read fluid outlet pressure.

To find Pump Air Pressure

(scfm or m³/min) at a specific fluid flow (gpm/lpm) and operating air pressure (psi/MPa/bar):

- 1. Locate fluid flow rate along bottom of chart.
- 2. Read vertical line up to intersection with selected air consumption curve.
- 3. Follow left to scale to read fluid outlet pressure.



TI8645a

California Proposition 65

CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS

MARNING: Cancer and reproductive harm – www.P65warnings.ca.gov.

Graco Warranties

Graco Standard Pump Warranty

Graco warrants all equipment manufactured by Graco and bearing its name to be free from defects in material and workmanship on the date of sale to the original purchaser for use. With the exception of any special, extended, or limited warranty published by Graco, Graco will, for a period of twelve months from the date of sale, repair or replace any part of the equipment determined by Graco to be defective. This warranty applies only when the equipment is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with Graco's written recommendations.

This warranty does not cover, and Graco shall not be liable for general wear and tear, or any malfunction, damage or wear caused by faulty installation, misapplication, abrasion, corrosion, inadequate or improper maintenance, negligence, accident, tampering, or substitution of non-Graco component parts. Nor shall Graco be liable for malfunction, damage or wear caused by the incompatibility of Graco equipment with structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco, or the improper design, manufacture, installation, operation or maintenance of structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco.

This warranty is conditioned upon the prepaid return of the equipment claimed to be defective to an authorized Graco distributor for verification of the claimed defect. If the claimed defect is verified, Graco will repair or replace free of charge any defective parts. The equipment will be returned to the original purchaser transportation prepaid. If inspection of the equipment does not disclose any defect in material or workmanship, repairs will be made at a reasonable charge, which charges may include the costs of parts, labor, and transportation.

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Graco's sole obligation and the buyer's sole remedy for any breach of warranty shall be as set forth above. The buyer agrees that no other remedy (including, but not limited to, incidental or consequential damages for lost profits, lost sales, injury to person or property, or any other incidental or consequential loss) shall be available. Any action for breach of warranty must be brought within two years of the date of sale.

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Phone: 612-623-6921 or Toll Free: 1-800-328-0211 Fax: 612-378-3505

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Original instructions. This manual contains English. MM 310622

Graco Headquarters: Minneapolis International Offices: Belgium, China, Japan, Korea

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